

Thirukkampuliyur Sellandiamman Temple

Sellandiamman Temple is one of the main attractions of this village and a most sacred pilgrimage site for Hindus in its surrounding villages. The Goddess in this temple is called as Sellandiamman. It is 23 kms from Karur and 21 kms from Kulithalai which is situated on the bank of River Cauvery.



Thirukkampuliyur Amma Park

Thirukkampuliyur Amma Park is one of the famous tourist attractions in Karur District. It is 23 kms from Karur and 21 kms from Kulithalai and it is situated near the bank of River Cauvery.



TOURIST OFFICER,
46, First Floor, District Collectorate,
Annexure Building, Karur - 639 007.
Phone : 04324 256257
Email : karurtourism2015@gmail.com

DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM
Government of Tamil Nadu
Tamil Nadu Tourism Complex,
No : 2, Wallajah Road, Chennai - 600 002.
Phone : 91-44-2533 3333 / 444 / 857 / 286 / Fax : 91-44-2533 3385
Toll Free: 1800 4253 1111, Email: dotdepartment@gmail.com
Website: www.tamilnadutourism.org / www.ttdconline.com

30,000 Copies

December 2020

Incredible India

enchancing
famil nadu

experience yourself



Active Media Pictures, Chennai

Karur

TAMIL NADU - INDIA

Karur District

Introduction

Karur is one of the oldest district in Tamil Nadu and has played a very important role in the glorious history and Tamil culture. Its history dates back to 3rd century B.C. was a flourishing trade center during the Sangam Age. Epigraphic, Numismatic, archaeological and literary evidences have proved beyond doubt that Karur was capital city of the early Chera kings of Sangam age. It was called as Karuvor or Vanji during Sangam days.

General Information

Area	: 30.96 sq kms
Population	: 10,64,493 (2011 Census)
Rainfall	: 590 - 600 mm
Languages	: Tamil & English
Climate	: Semi-arid climate

Features

Chettinadu Cement Factory is also situated here. Karur is famous for its home textiles. It is also a renowned center for bus building industries. Government owned factory TNPL is the 2nd largest paper producer in Asia, located in this district.

Access

AIR

Nearest Airport is in Tiruchirappalli. It is about 70 Kms from Karur.

RAIL

Karur Railway Station is connected to Madurai, Coimbatore, Kerala, Bangalore, Mysore, Mangalore etc.

ROAD

It is connected with all major cities.

Arulmigu Kalyana Pasupatheeswarar Temple

Pasupatheeswarar Temple is the landmark of Karur City. Group of sculptures representing Pasupatheeswarar Lingam, milk oozing cow and Rangamatha are adding more attraction to the temple.



Arulmigu Mariamman Temple

A temple dedicated to Sri Mariamman is located at heart of the city is famous here. All people irrespective of caste and creed participate in Kumbam Festival celebrated during the month of May every year. The sacred water is brought from the river Amaravathi by all the devotees to this famous temple for worshipping, during this glorious event.



Kalyana Venkataramana Swamy Temple, Thanthonimalai

Thanthonimalai is located 5 kms away from Karur and has a temple dedicated to Lord Kalyana Venkataramana Swamy situated at a raised portion of the hillock. This temple is also known as Then Thirupathi (South Thirupathi).



Vennamalai

This place is famous for the temple dedicated to Lord Murugan located on Karur - Salem road at a distance of 5 kms from Karur. The Hindu exponents such as Arunagirinadhar and Avvaiyar sung their Hymns to praise this Lord.



Sri Sadhasiva Brahmendra Adhistanam (Jeeva Samadhi), Nerur

Some holy places are capable of bestowing immense peace to all those who are blessed to visit. Sadhasiva Brahmendra attained Jeeva Samadhi in 1750 A.D. in Nerur. He fulfilled the wish of his ardent disciple Raja Vijaya Raghunatha Thondaiman, that he should settle down in land that belonged to the king. Here, the river Cauveri flows south (dakshina), which adds sanctity to this place. The Adhistanam is located in Nerur, a village 14 kms from Karur.



Government Museum

It is located at Old Dindigul Road, Jawahar Bazar, Karur. The museum was opened to public in 2000. The specimens displayed include bronze items, metal-ware objects, musical instruments, coins, rocks and minerals, fossils, botanical specimens, molluscan shells and other marine specimens. Educational activities of the Museum includes Guide services, popular lectures, etc.



Puhazhimalai

A Temple dedicated to Lord Subramanya on a small hill at Velayuthampalayam near Pugalur is famous for its sculptures. This is situated in the North West of Karur on the bank of river Cauvery.



Arulmigu Kadambaneswarar Temple

This temple is situated in the Kulithalai town, dedicated to Lord Kadambaneswarar. Thaipooam is a Festival celebrated every year in a grand manner during the Tamil Month of Thai (January) here.



Ayyermalai

Ayyermalai is situated 8 kms from Kulithalai in Karur District. There is a temple dedicated to A/m.Rathinagireeswarar. Every year Brahmotchavam Festival for 15 days, Chithirai Festival, Thaipooam Festival, Karthigai Festival, Panguni Uthiram Festival and Theppam Festival are celebrated here in a grand manner.



Ponnaniar Dam

Ponnaniar Dam is a picnic spot located near Pooncholai village of Kadavoor hill region in Karur district. This dam has been constructed at the foot of Semmalai. It has provided irrigation facilities to the surrounding villages. Public Works Department maintains the dam site.



TOURIST MAP OF KARUR



Thirumukkudalur

A/m. Agatheeswarar temple is situated in Thirumukkudalur very near to Karur and it is under the control of the HR & CE department. The rivers Cauvery, Amaravathi and Manimuthaaru confluence together in this place. Thus, this place is named as Thirumukkudal. This temple was built by Rajendra Chola-I of Chola Dynasty, People believed that Agathiya Munivar worshipped Lord Shiva in this temple.



Mayanur Barrage

This is a picnic spot of Karur. Mayanur Barrage is one of the famous tourist attractions in Karur District. It is 23 Kms from Karur and 21 Kms from Kulithalai which is situated on the bank of the River Cauvery.

